Claims

What is claimed is:

- [c1] A method of schema replication in a directory server, comprising:

 updating a schema at a replication supplier;

 computing a change sequence number;

 placing the change sequence number in an attribute on the replication supplier;

 initiating a replication session to a replication consumer;

 reading the change sequence number on the replication consumer;

 updating the schema on the replication consumer if the change sequence number on the replication consumer is less than the change sequence number on the replication supplier; and propagating a schema update from the replication supplier to each replication consumer.
- [c2] The method of claim 1, further comprising:
 replacing contents of a schema entry on each replication consumer with contents
 of a schema entry on the replication supplier.
- [c3] The method of claim 3, wherein contents are replaced using an update operation on the schema entry.
- [c4] The method of claim 1, further comprising: maintaining the schema on a master supplier server.
- [c5] The method of claim 4, further comprising: copying the schema to a plurality of servers after updating the master supplier.
- [c6] The method of claim 1, further comprising:
 holding the change sequence number on the replication consumer in an attribute.

- [c7] The method of claim 1, further comprising:

 querying the schema with standard Lightweight Directory Access Protocol
 operations.
- [c8] The method of claim 1, further comprising:

 modifying the schema with standard Lightweight Directory Access Protocol
 operations.
- [c9] The method of claim 1, wherein the schema is updateable on an updateable master.
- [c10] A method of schema replication in a directory server, comprising:

 updating a schema at a replication supplier;

 computing a change sequence number;

 placing the change sequence number in an attribute on the replication supplier;

 initiating a replication session to a replication consumer;

 reading the change sequence number on the replication consumer;

 updating the schema on the replication consumer if the change sequence number on the replication consumer is less than the change sequence number on the replication supplier;

propagating a schema update from the replication supplier to each replication consumer;

replacing contents of a schema entry on each replication consumer with contents of a schema entry on the replication supplier;

maintaining the schema on a master supplier server;

copying the schema to a plurality of servers after updating the master supplier; holding the change sequence number on the replication consumer in an attribute; querying the schema with standard Lightweight Directory Access Protocol operations; and

modifying the schema with standard Lightweight Directory Access Protocol operations.

- [c11] A method of defining a schema in a directory server, comprising identifying an object class in the schema; placing the object class on an entry; storing a data element in an attribute in the directory server used by the schema; extending the schema with a new object class and a new attribute; describing a document with a private field comprising a description of the object class and the attribute; and representing the data element as an attribute-data pair.
- [c12] The method of claim 11, further comprising:

 defining the object class in the directory server;

 storing the object class in the directory server; and

 maintaining integrity of the data element stored in the directory server is by

 imposing constraints on data values.
- [c13] The method of claim 11, wherein the object class defines allowed attribute types and required attribute types.
- [c14] The method of claim 11, wherein the attribute is multi-valued.
- [c15] The method of claim 11, wherein the attribute is single-valued.
- [c16] The method of claim 11, wherein the private field is a human-readable description.
- [c17] The method of claim 11, wherein the attribute-data pair comprises a descriptive attribute associated with a data element.
- [c18] The method of claim 11, wherein the entry in the directory server is customizable.

- [c19] The method of claim 11, wherein the attribute available for the entry in the directory server is customizable.
- [c20] A method of defining a schema in a directory server, comprising identifying an object class in the schema; placing the object class on an entry; storing a data element in an attribute in the directory server used by the schema; extending the schema with a new object class and a new attribute; describing a document with a private field comprising a description of the object class and the attribute;

representing the data element as an attribute-data pair; defining the object class in the directory server;

storing the object class in the directory server; and

maintaining integrity of the data element stored in the directory server by imposing constraints on data values.

[c21] A computer system for schema replication a directory server, comprising:

a processor;

a memory; and

software instructions stored in the memory for enabling the computer system under control of the processor, to perform:

updating a schema at a replication supplier;

computing a change sequence number;

placing the change sequence number in an attribute on the replication supplier;

initiating a replication session to a replication consumer; reading the change sequence number on the replication consumer;

- updating the schema on the replication consumer if the change sequence number on the replication consumer is less than the change sequence number on the replication supplier; and
- propagating a schema update from the replication supplier to each replication consumer.
- [c22] The computer system of claim 21, wherein the software instructions further comprise instructions to perform:

 replacing the contents of a schema entry on each replication consumer with contents of a schema entry on the replication supplier using an update operation.
- [c23] The computer system of claim 21, wherein the software instructions further comprise instructions to perform:

 maintaining the schema on a master supplier server.
- [c24] The computer system of claim 21, wherein the software instructions further comprise instructions to perform:

 copying the schema to a plurality of servers after updating the master supplier.
- [c25] The computer system of claim 21, wherein the software instructions further comprise instructions to perform:

 holding the change sequence number on the replication consumer in the attribute.
- [c26] The computer system of claim 21, wherein the software instructions further comprise instructions to perform:

 querying the schema with standard Lightweight Directory Access Protocol operations.
- [c27] The computer system of claim 21, wherein the software instructions further comprise instructions to perform:

modifying the schema with standard Lightweight Directory Access Protocol operations.

[c28] An apparatus for replicating a schema in a directory server, comprising:

means for updating a schema at a replication supplier;

means for computing a change sequence number;

means for placing the change sequence number in an attribute on the replication supplier;

means for initiating a replication session to a replication consumer;

means for reading the change sequence number on the replication consumer;

means for updating the schema on the replication consumer if the change sequence number on the replication consumer is less than the change sequence number on the replication supplier; and

means for propagating a schema update from the replication supplier to each replication consumer.

[c29] An apparatus for defining a schema in a directory server, comprising:

means for identifying an object class in the schema;

means for placing the object class on an entry;

means for storing a data element in an attribute in the directory server used by the schema;

means for extending the schema with a new object class and a new attribute;

means for describing a document with a private field comprising a description of the object class and the attribute; and

means for representing the data element as an attribute-data pair.

[c30] The apparatus of claim 29, further comprising:

means for defining the object class in the directory server;

means for storing the object class in the directory server; and

means for maintaining integrity of the data element stored in the directory server by imposing constraints on data values.